| Question number | Answer | Notes | Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 (a)(i) | 1. allows diffusion / evaporation / transpiration / loss of water; <br> 2. creates transpiration pull / transpiration stream / water pulled up / water drawn up; <br> 3. osmosis; <br> 4. water absorbed by root; |  | Max 2 |
| (ii) | 1. oxygen out + carbon dioxide in; <br> 2. diffusion; <br> 3. photosynthesis | ignore reference to respiration <br> $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$ and $\mathrm{O}_{2}$ to enter and leave =1 <br> $\mathrm{O}_{2}$ and $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$ to enter and leave $=0$ <br> $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$ and $\mathrm{O}_{2}$ to enter or leave $=0$ | Max 2 |


| (b)(i) | S scale linear and at least half of both axes; <br> L lines straight, neat and through points; <br> A axes correct way round; <br> P points plotted accurately; <br> U units stomatal pore $\mu \mathrm{m}$ and rate of transpiration $\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m}^{2} / \mathrm{s}$; <br> K key still air and moving air; | bar chart no $L$ and no $P$ non-linear scale no $P$ if no plot for 0,0 no $P$ but allow L <br> P allow within one square | 6 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (ii) | 1. transpiration increases in both / eq; <br> 2. levels off in still air / continues to increase in moving air / more increase in moving air / eq; |  | 2 |
| (iii) | 1. takes water away / blows water away / less water outside / eq; <br> 2. increases / maintains gradient; <br> 3. (increases) diffusion; | maintains diffusion gradient $=2$ marks | 3 |

Total 15 marks

| Question <br> number | Answer | Notes | Marks |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2 (a) (i) | 136 / 136.1; ; | allow one mark for $\div$ <br> 20 in working | 2 |
| (ii) | Thomas; |  |  |
| (iii) | 1. nervous / excited / anticipation / <br> thinking about exercise / worried / anxious; <br> 2. adrenalin(e); <br> 3. increase in heart rate / eq; | Max 2 <br> allow reference to <br> autonomic system |  |
| (iv) | 1. intensity / amount / type of exercise / eq; <br> 2. diet; <br> 3. fitness / health / eq; <br> 4. gender; <br> 5. age / mass; | ignore temperature |  |


| Question number | Answer | Notes | Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 (b) | 1. heart is larger / has more muscle / stronger / grows / eq; <br> 2. due to exercise / training / eq; <br> 3. pumps more blood in each beat / eq; <br> 4. Iow rate delivers same volume (in given time) / fewer beats deliver same volume / eq; <br> 5. provides (more) oxygen; <br> 6. (aerobic) respiration; | reject reference to anaerobic | Max 4 |

Total 11 marks

| Question number | Answer | Notes | Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3 (a) (i) | ventricle / chamber B wall is thinner / ventricle / chamber B has thinner walls / ventricle / chamber B less muscular / heart diagrams always have RHS on the left / vena cava attached / pulmonary artery attached; | allow converse for LHS of heart ignore references to blood ignore references to chamber size / valve | 1 |
| (ii) | left ventricle; |  | 1 |
| (iii) | pulmonary artery correctly labelled; |  | 1 |
| (iv) | 1. eft ventricle/chamber $\mathrm{A} / \mathrm{it}$ ) more muscle; | allow converse for right ventricle |  |
|  | 2. enerate more pressure / create more force / stronger pumping / eq; <br> 3. pumps blood to body / pumps blood further / eq; | 1. ignore thicker wall <br> 2. gnore withstand pressure | Max 2 |


| (b) (i) | atrioventricular valve / AV valve / <br> tricuspid valve; | ignore valve alone | 1 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | (ii) | prevent backflow / blood flows in one <br> direction / allows blood to flow from <br> atrium to ventricle / eq; | prevents backflow <br> into ventricles = 0 |  |
| 3 (c) | 1. lows blood to mix / eq; <br> 2. oxygenated and deoxygenated blood / <br> deoxygenated into <br> left ventricle/chamber A / <br> oxygenated blood into <br> right ventricle/chamber B; <br> 3. ess oxygen (to body / to cells); <br> 4. less respiration / less energy / ATP / <br> more anaerobic respiration / <br> more lactic acid; <br> 5. les growth / smaller size; | 3. ignore reference <br> to oxygen to <br> lungs |  |  |


| (d) (i) | 1. ( ace fingers on) artery / wrist / neck / <br> chest / use heart monitor / eq; <br> 2. count pu e/beat/pumps/heart rate <br> for stated time period/ one minute / <br> measure in bpm; | allow appropriate <br> technology |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- | :--- |
| (ii) | 1. repeat / use many people / group / <br> calculate average / <br> remove anomalies / eq; <br> 2. same duration / ntensity / <br> type of exercise; <br> 3. use same gender / age / size / <br> mass / fitness / eq; | ignore rest period | Max 2 |  |

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Question number \& Answer \& Notes \& Marks \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
4 (a) (i) \\
(ii) \\
(iii)
\end{tabular} \& \begin{tabular}{l}
S - scale linear and half of both grids; \\
L - lines straight and through points; \\
A1 - axes correct way around - (altitude on \(x\) axis); \\
A2 - axes labelled: (mass of) haemoglobin in \(g\) per litre \\
and altitude/height in metres / eq; \\
P - correct plotting of all points; \\
1. level / no change (0 to 1000); \\
2. ncrease / eq; \\
1. more haemoglobin / more red blood cells; \\
2. (more) oxygen; \\
3. (more) respiration; \\
4. (more) energy / (more) ATP; \\
5. less lactic acid / oxygen debt / less anaerobic respiration;
\end{tabular} \& \begin{tabular}{l}
lose S mark if axis for data for Hb not truncated max 3 for bar chart \\
the higher the altitude the higher the haemoglobin \(=1\) \\
idea of more must be evident once \\
not run faster
\end{tabular} \& 5

2
2 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

| Question <br> number | Answer | Notes |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| (b) (i) | 1. lower pressure / slower blood flow / less blood <br> flow /eq; <br> 2. thinner wall; <br> 3. easier to see / nearer surface / easier to access / <br> eq; <br> 4. ider lumen; | allow will not spurt out <br> allow converse for artery |
| (iii) | ignore one cell thick <br> too small / eq; <br> 1. no pathogens / bacteria / virus / microorganism / <br> parasite / named virus / HIV / eq; <br> 2. infection / disease / illness / AlDS; | ignore sickness |

